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RADIO TEST REPORT – 431081-1R1TRFWL

Type of assessment:

Final product testing

Applicant:

Bosch Security Systems, Inc.

Product name (type):

Wireless transceiver

Model:

RFRP2

FCC ID:

TX3-RWS2

IC Registration number:

1249A-RWS2

Specifications:

- ◆ FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C, §15.231
- ◆ RSS-210 Annex A.1, Issue 10, December 2019

Date of issue: **November 9, 2021**

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Tested by

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Test site registration	Organization FCC/ISED	Recognition numbers and location FCC: CA2040; IC: 2040A-4 (Ottawa/Almonte); FCC: CA2041; IC: 2040G-5 (Montreal); CA0101 (Cambridge)		
Website	www.nemko.com			

Limits of responsibility

Note that the results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

This test report has been completed in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. All results contained in this report are within Nemko Canada's ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation.

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Section 1. Report summary

1.1 Test specifications

FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C, Clause 15.231	Periodic operation in the band 40.66–40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz
RSS-210 Annex A.1, Issue 10, December 2019	Licence-Exempt Radio Apparatus: Category I Equipment. Momentarily operated devices

1.2 Test methods

ANSI C63.10 v2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
RSS-Gen, Issue 5, March 2019	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
RSS-102, Issue 5, March 19, 2015	Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)

1.3 Exclusions

None

1.4 Statement of compliance

In the configuration tested, the EUT was found compliant.

Testing was performed against all relevant requirements of the test standard except as noted in section 1.3 above. Results obtained indicate that the product under test complies in full with the requirements tested. The test results relate only to the items tested.

See “Summary of test results” for full details.

1.5 Test report revision history

Table 1.5-1: Test report revision history

Revision #	Date of issue	Details of changes made to test report
TRF	October 20, 2021	Original report issued
R1TRF	November 9, 2021	Update center frequency to 433.42 MHz throughout

Section 2. Engineering considerations

2.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT for compliance

There were no modifications performed to the EUT during this assessment.

2.2 Technical judgment

None

2.3 Deviations from laboratory tests procedures

No deviations were made from laboratory procedures.

Section 3. Test conditions

3.1 Atmospheric conditions

Temperature	15 °C – 35 °C
Relative humidity	20 % – 75 %
Air pressure	86 kPa (860 mbar) – 106 kPa (1060 mbar)

When it is impracticable to carry out tests under these conditions, a note to this effect stating the ambient temperature and relative humidity during the tests shall be recorded and stated.

3.2 Power supply range

The normal test voltage for equipment to be connected to the mains shall be the nominal mains voltage. For the purpose of the present document, the nominal voltage shall be the declared voltage, or any of the declared voltages $\pm 5\%$, for which the equipment was designed.

Section 4. Measurement uncertainty

4.1 Uncertainty of measurement

UKAS Lab 34 and TIA-603-B have been used as guidance for measurement uncertainty reasonable estimations with regards to previous experience and validation of data. Nemko Canada, Inc. follows these test methods in order to satisfy ISO/IEC 17025 requirements for estimation of uncertainty of measurement for wireless products.

Measurement uncertainty budgets for the tests are detailed below. Measurement uncertainty calculations assume a coverage factor of $K = 2$ with 95% certainty.

Table 4.1-1: Measurement uncertainty calculations for Radio

Test name	Measurement uncertainty, \pm dB
All antenna port measurements	0.55
Occupied bandwidth	4.45
Conducted spurious emissions	1.13
Radiated spurious emissions	3.78
AC power line conducted emissions	3.55

Section 5. Information provided by the applicant

5.1 Disclaimer

This section contains information provided by the applicant and has been utilized to support the test plan. Inaccurate information provided by the applicant can affect the validity of the results contained within this test report. Nemko accepts no responsibility for the information contained within this section and the impact it may have on the test plan and resulting measurements.

5.2 Applicant

Company name	Bosch Security Systems, Inc.
Address	130 Perinton Parkway, Fairport, New York, United States, 14450

5.3 Manufacturer

Company name	Bosch Security Systems, Inc.
Address	130 Perinton Parkway, Fairport, New York, United States, 14450

5.4 EUT information

Product name	Wireless transceiver
Model	RFRP2
Serial number	042234617501010158 and 042234617501010099
Part number	F01U389906
Operating conditions	The EUT was 100% transmitting during testing.
Product description and theory of operation	The RADION repeater is a wireless repeater device that retransmits messages received from other RADION detectors (Door Contacts, Smoke Detectors etc.) and other repeaters, for the purpose of improving the overall communication reliability of the RADION wireless system. It provides a secondary communication path for the detectors and helps in extending the range of a detector that must be installed beyond its maximum communication range. In addition to repeating transmissions from other RDION devices, the RFRP2 transmits its own periodic supervision every 13 minutes and transmits the device status such as Tamper, Battery, and Power Supply, if there if a change is detected for these inputs.

5.5 Technical information

Applicant IC company number	1249A
IC UPN number	RWS2
All used IC test site(s) Reg. number	2040A-4
RSS number and Issue number	RSS-210 Issue 10, Annex A.1
Operation type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Periodic <input type="checkbox"/> Non-periodic
Frequency band	433.42 MHz
Frequency Min (MHz)	433.37
Frequency Max (MHz)	433.47
Channel numbers	1
RF power Max (W), Conducted	NA
Field strength, dB μ V/m @ 3 m	80.4
Measured BW (kHz), 99% OBW	98.5
Type of modulation	OOK
Emission classification	OOK
Transmitter spurious, dB μ V/m @ 3 m	30.7 Average, 866.83 MHz
Power supply requirements	12 Vdc
Antenna information	Manufacturer: Bosch PCB with 2.15 dBd Gain. Model: RFRP2

5.6 EUT setup details

5.6.1 EUT Exercise and monitoring

Methods used to exercise the EUT and all relevant ports:

- EUT was placed in a 100 % TX on state

Configuration details:

- The EUT setup in a configuration that was expected to produce the highest amplitude emissions relative to the limit and that satisfy normal operation/installation practice by the end user.
- The type and construction of cables used in the measurement set-up were consistent with normal or typical use. Cables with mitigation features (for example, screening, tighter/more twists per length, ferrite beads) have been noted below:
 - None
- The EUT was setup in a manner that was consistent with its typical arrangement and use. The measurement arrangement of the EUT, local AE and associated cabling was representative of normal practice. Any deviations from typical arrangements have been noted below:
 - None

Monitoring details:

- None

5.6 EUT setup details, continued

5.6.2 EUT test configuration

Table 5.6-1: EUT sub assemblies

Description	Brand name	Serial number, Part number, Model, Revision level
Wireless transceiver (Conducted emissions)	Bosch	SN: 042234617501010158, PN: F01U389906, MN: RFRP2
Wireless transceiver (Radiated emissions)	Bosch	SN: 042234617501010099, PN: F01U389906, MN: RFRP2
ITE/Medical Power Supply	GlobTek, Inc	SN: 488956108/19, PN: WR9QE1500T00NAIMR6B, MN: GTM96180-1817.9-5.9

Table 5.6-2: EUT interface ports

Description	Qty.
Power input	1

Table 5.6-3: Support equipment

Description	Brand name	Serial number, Part number, Model, Revision level
24-Line Digital I/O	National Instruments	SN: 1FA2276, PN: 192317E-01L, MN: USB-6501
Wireless receiver	Bosch	SN: 092218703702160003, PN: F01U253616, MN: RFRP
Wireless transmitter	Bosch	SN: 092083307907700117, PN: F01U323777, MN: RFUN-A
192 kHz DAC Converter	Uzvuvzk	None
Laptop Computer	Latitude E7440	None

Table 5.6-4: Inter-connection cables

Cable description	From	To	Length (m)
DC power cable	Power input	Wireless transceiver	1.5

5.6 EUT setup details, continued

5.6.2 EUT test configuration, continued

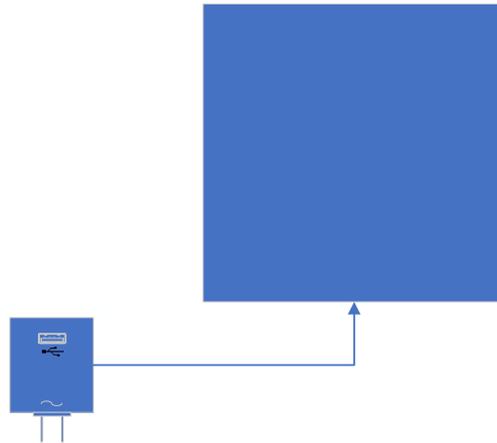


Figure 5.6-1: block diagram – Radiated emissions

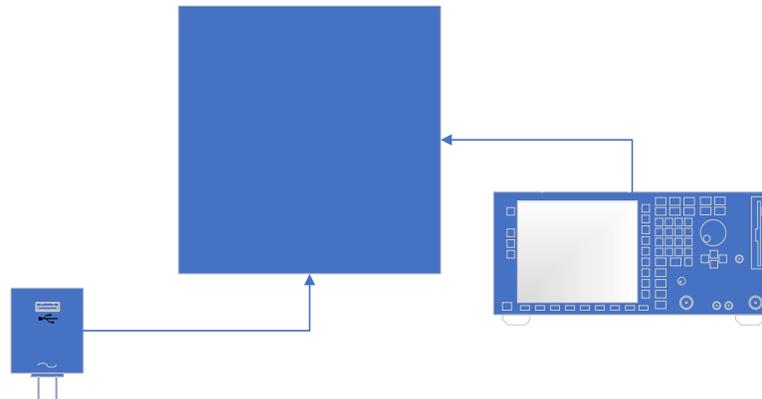


Figure 5.6-2: block diagram – Conducted emissions

Section 6. Summary of test results

6.1 Testing location

Test location (s) Ottawa

6.2 Testing period

Test start date September 1, 2021 Test end date September 14, 2021

6.3 Sample information

Receipt date September 1, 2021 Nemko sample ID number(s) 1 and 2

6.4 FCC Part 15 Subpart C, general requirements test results

Table 6.4-1: FCC general requirements results

Part	Test description	Verdict
§15.207(a)	Conducted limits	Pass
§15.31l	Variation of power source	Pass
§15.31(m)	Number of tested frequencies	Pass
§15.203	Antenna requirement	Pass

Notes: Choose an item.

6.5 FCC Part 15 Subpart C, intentional radiators test results

Table 6.5-1: FCC 15.231 requirements results

Part	Test description	Verdict
§15.231(a)	Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation	Pass
§15.231(b)	Field strength of emissions	Pass
§15.231(c)	Emission bandwidth	Pass
§15.231(d)	Requirements for devices operating within 40.66–40.70 MHz band	Not applicable ¹
§15.231(e)	Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation	Not applicable

Notes: ¹EUT does not operate in 40.66–40.70 MHz band

6.6 ISED RSS-Gen, Issue 5, test results

Table 6.6-1: RSS-Gen results

Part	Test description	Verdict
7.3	Receiver radiated emission limits	Not applicable
7.4	Receiver conducted emission limits	Not applicable
6.9	Operating bands and selection of test frequencies	Pass
8.8	AC power-line conducted emissions limits	Pass
RSS-102, 252	Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation — RF Exposure Evaluation	Pass

Notes: ¹ According to sections 5.2 and 5.3 of RSS-Gen, Issue 5 the EUT does not have a stand-alone receiver neither scanner receiver, therefore exempt from receiver requirements.

Choose an item.

6.7 ISED RSS-210, Issue 10, test results

Table 6.7-1: RSS-210 results

Section	Test description	Verdict
A.1.1	Technical requirements	Pass
A.1.2	Field strengths	Pass
A.1.3	Bandwidth of momentary signals	Pass
A.1.4	Reduced field strengths	Not applicable

Notes: None

Section 7. Test equipment

7.1 Test equipment list

Table 7.1-1: Equipment list

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal cycle	Next cal.
3 m EMI test chamber	TDK	SAC-3	FA002047	1 year	March 26, 2022
Flush mount turntable	Sunol	FM2022	FA002082	—	NCR
Controller	Sunol	SC104V	FA002060	—	NCR
Antenna mast	Sunol	TLT2	FA002061	—	NCR
Receiver/spectrum analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 26	FA002043	1 year	November 6, 2021
Horn (1–18 GHz)	ETS Lindgren	3117	FA002840	1 year	February 2, 2022
Preamp (1–18 GHz)	ETS Lindgren	124334	FA002873	1 year	October 13, 2021
Bilog antenna (20–3000 MHz)	Sunol	JB3	FA002108	1 year	February 2, 2022
Receiver/spectrum analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 40	FA002071	1 year	March 16, 2022
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	FA002514	1 year	January 29, 2022

Note: NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

8.2 FCC 15.31(m) and RSS-Gen 6.9 Number of frequencies

8.2.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC:
 Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers shall be performed and, if required, reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band specified in the following table.

ISED:
 Except where otherwise specified, measurements shall be performed for each frequency band of operation for which the radio apparatus is to be certified, with the device operating at the frequencies in each band of operation shown in table below. The frequencies selected for measurements shall be reported in the test report.

Table 8.2-1: Frequency Range of Operation

Frequency range over which the device operates (in each band)	Number of test frequencies required	Location of measurement frequency inside the operating frequency range
1 MHz or less	1	Center (middle of the band)
1–10 MHz	2	1 near high end, 1 near low end
Greater than 10 MHz	3	1 near high end, 1 near center and 1 near low end

Note: “near” means as close as possible to or at the centre / low end / high end of the frequency range over which the device operates.

8.2.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Kevin Rose	Test date	September 1, 2021

8.2.3 Observations, settings and special notes

None

8.2.4 Test data

Table 8.2-2: Test channels selection

Start of Frequency range, MHz	End of Frequency range, MHz	Frequency range bandwidth, MHz	Low channel, MHz	Mid channel, MHz	High channel, MHz
433.42	433.42	NA	NA	433.42	NA



8.3 FCC 15.203 and RSS-Gen, section 6.8 Antenna requirement

8.3.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC:
 An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

ISED:
 The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report.

8.3.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Kevin Rose	Test date	September 1, 2021

8.3.3 Observations, settings and special notes

None

8.3.4 Test data

- Must the EUT be professionally installed? YES NO
 Does the EUT have detachable antenna(s)? YES NO
 If detachable, is the antenna connector(s) non-standard? YES NO N/A

8.4 FCC 15.207(a) and RSS-Gen 8.8 AC power line conducted emissions limits

8.4.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC:

Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

ISED:

A radio apparatus that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line shall ensure that the radio frequency voltage, which is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in table below.

Unless the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in table below. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.

Table 8.4-1: Conducted emissions limit

Frequency of emission, MHz	Conducted limit, dB μ V	
	Quasi-peak	Average**
0.15–0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5–5	56	46
5–30	60	50

Note: * - The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

** - A linear average detector is required.

8.4.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Kevin Rose	Test date	September 6, 2021

8.4.3 Observations, settings and special notes

The EUT was set up as tabletop configuration.

The spectral scan has been corrected with transducer factors (i.e. cable loss, LISN factors, and attenuators) for determination of compliance.

A preview measurement was generated with the receiver in continuous scan mode. Emissions detected within 6 dB or above limit were re-measured with the appropriate detector against the correlating limit and recorded as the final measurement.

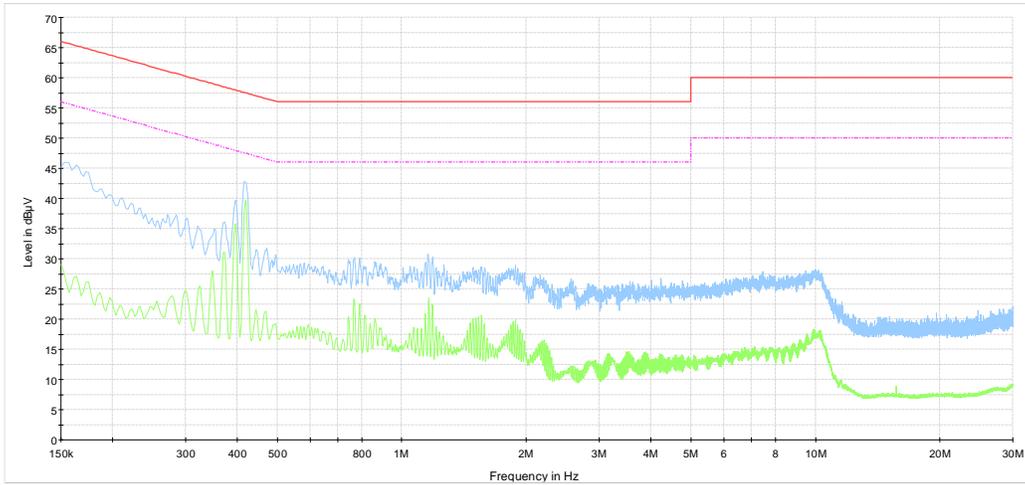
Receiver settings for preview measurements:

Resolution bandwidth	9 kHz
Video bandwidth	30 kHz
Detector mode	Peak and Average
Trace mode	Max Hold
Measurement time	1000 ms

Receiver settings for final measurements:

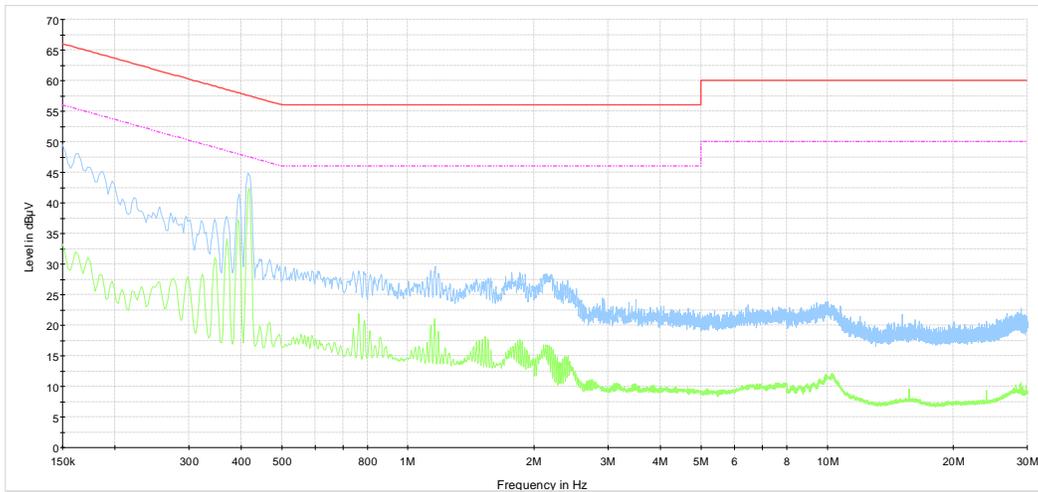
Resolution bandwidth	9 kHz
Video bandwidth	30 kHz
Detector mode	Quasi-Peak and Average
Trace mode	Max Hold
Measurement time	1000 ms

8.4.4 Test data



NEX-431081 - August 17, 2021 - 120 VAC, 60 Hz - Phase
 Preview Result 2-AVG
 Preview Result 1-PK+
 CISPR 32 Limit - Class B, Mains (QP)
 CISPR 32 Limit - Class B, Mains (Avg)

Plot 8.4-1: Conducted emissions on phase line



NEX-431081 - August 17, 2021 - 120 VAC, 60 Hz - Neutral
 Preview Result 2-AVG
 Preview Result 1-PK+
 CISPR 32 Limit - Class B, Mains (QP)
 CISPR 32 Limit - Class B, Mains (Avg)

Plot 8.4-2: Conducted emissions on neutral line



8.5 FCC 15.231(a) and RSS-210 A.1.1 Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation

8.5.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC:

- (a) The provisions of this section are restricted to periodic operation within the band 40.66–40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz. Except as shown in paragraph (e) of this section, the intentional radiator is restricted to the transmission of a control signal such as those used with alarm systems, door openers, remote switches, etc. Continuous transmissions, voice, video and the radio control of toys are not permitted. Data is permitted to be sent with a control signal. The following conditions shall be met to comply with the provisions for this periodic operation:
 - (1) A manually operated transmitter shall employ a switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released.
 - (2) A transmitter activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds after activation.
 - (3) Periodic transmissions at regular predetermined intervals are not permitted. However, polling or supervision transmissions, including data, to determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications are allowed if the total duration of transmissions does not exceed more than two seconds per hour for each transmitter. There is no limit on the number of individual transmissions, provided the total transmission time does not exceed two seconds per hour.
 - (4) Intentional radiators which are employed for radio control purposes during emergencies involving fire, security, and safety-of-life, when activated to signal an alarm, may operate during the pendency of the alarm condition.
 - (5) Transmission of set-up information for security systems may exceed the transmission duration limits in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section, provided such transmissions are under the control of a professional installer and do not exceed ten seconds after a manually operated switch is released or a transmitter is activated automatically. Such set-up information may include data.

ISED:

Devices shall comply with the following for momentary operation:

- (a) A manually operated transmitter shall be equipped with a push-to-operate switch and be under manual control at all times during transmission. When released, the transmitter shall cease transmission within no more than 5 seconds of being released.
- (b) A transmitter that has been activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds of activation.
- (c) Periodic transmissions at regular, predetermined intervals are not permitted, except as specified in Section A.1.4. However, polling or supervision transmissions that determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications are permitted, provided the total duration of transmission does not exceed 2 seconds per hour for each transmitter.
- (d) Intentional radiators used for radio control during emergencies involving fire, security of goods (e.g. burglar alarms), and safety-of-life, when activated to signal an alarm, may operate during the interval of the alarm condition.

8.5.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Kevin Rose	Test date	September 6, 2021

8.5.3 Observations, settings and special notes

None

8.5.4 Test data

- EUT is a manually triggered transmitter
- EUT is an automatically triggered transmitter

- EUT is not a periodic transmitter

- The EUT usage is for radio control purposes during emergencies
- The EUT usage is not for radio control purposes during emergencies

- The EUT transmits set-up information
- The EUT does not transmit set-up information

Automatic Cease Transmission

Frequency, MHz	Transmission time (ms)	Maximum allowable transmission time (ms)	Margin (ms)
433.42	711.6	5000	4288.4

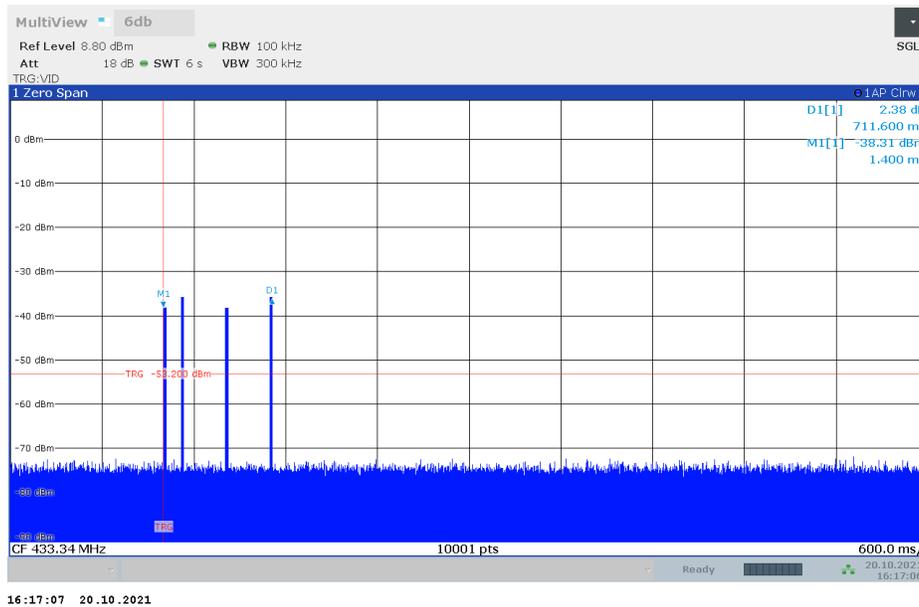
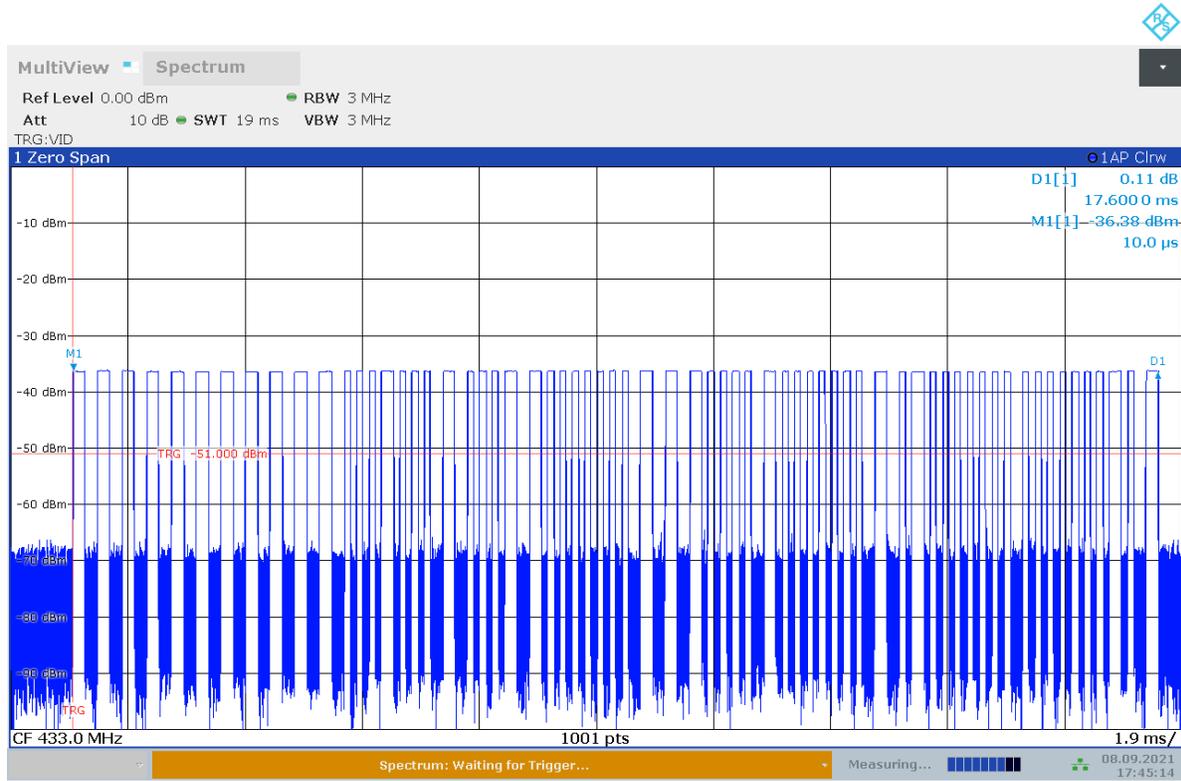


Figure 8.5-1: Shutoff before 5 seconds

Test data, continued



17:45:14 08.09.2021

Figure 8.5-2: Transmission duration

Note: There are 4 transmissions every 13 minutes, with a minimum delay of 100 ms between transmissions. Total Tx time is 17.6 ms
 With Manchester encoding, The total on time per transmission = 8.8 ms Total on time in 13 minutes (for 4 transmissions) = 8.8 * 4 = 35.2 ms

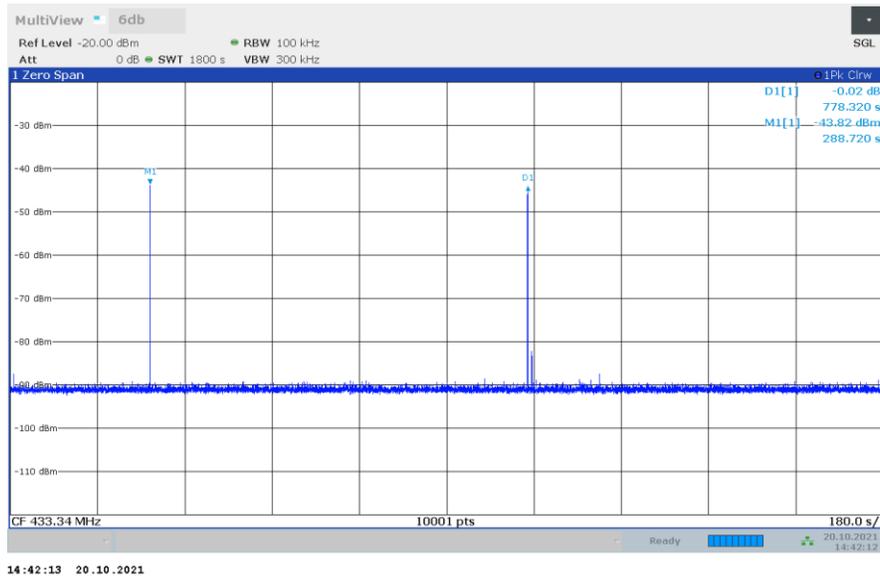


Figure 8.5-3: Transmission duration

Note: 16 pulses in one hour one pulse train equals 35.2 ms. Max total on time in one hour is 563.2 ms.

8.6 FCC 15.231(b) and RSS-210 A.1.2 Field strength of emissions

8.6.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC:

- (b) In addition to the provisions of §15.205 the field strength of emissions from intentional radiators operated under this section shall not exceed the following table.
- 1) The field strength limits in the table below are specified at a distance of 3 meters. The tighter limits apply at the band edges.
 - 2) Intentional radiators operating under the provisions of this section shall demonstrate compliance with the limits on the field strength of emissions, as shown in the above table, based on the average value of the measured emissions. As an alternative, compliance with the limits in the above table may be based on the use of measurement instrumentation with a CISPR quasi-peak detector. The specific method of measurement employed shall be specified in the application for equipment authorization. If average emission measurements are employed, the provisions in §15.35 for averaging pulsed emissions and for limiting peak emissions apply. Further, compliance with the provisions of §15.205 shall be demonstrated using the measurement instrumentation specified in that section.
 - 3) The limits on the field strength of the spurious emissions in the table below are based on the fundamental frequency of the intentional radiator. Spurious emissions shall be attenuated to the average (or, alternatively, CISPR quasi-peak) limits shown in this table or to the general limits shown in §15.209, whichever limit permits a higher field strength.

ISED:

- a. The field strength of emissions from momentarily operated intentional radiators shall not exceed the limits in table below, based on the average value of the measured emissions. The requirements of the “Pulsed operation” section of RSS-Gen apply for averaging pulsed emissions and limiting peak emissions.
 Alternatively, compliance with the limits in the table below may be demonstrated using an International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR) quasi-peak detector.
- b. Unwanted emissions shall be 10 times below the fundamental emissions field strength limits in the table below or comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen, whichever is less stringent.

Table 8.6-1: Field strength limits

Fundamental frequency (MHz)	Field strength of fundamental		Field strength of spurious emissions	
	($\mu\text{V/m}$)	(dB $\mu\text{V/m}$)	($\mu\text{V/m}$)	(dB $\mu\text{V/m}$)
40.66–40.70 ¹	2,250	67.0	225	47.0
70–130	1,250	61.9	125	41.9
130–174	1,250 to 3,750*	61.9 to 71.5*	125 to 375*	41.9 to 51.5*
174–260 ²	3,750	71.5	375	51.5
260–470 ²	3,750 to 12,500*	71.5 to 81.9*	375 to 1,250*	51.5 to 61.9*
Above 470	12,500	81.9	1,250	61.9

* Linear interpolation with frequency F in MHz:

For 130–174 MHz: Field Strength ($\mu\text{V/m}$) = $(56.82 \times F) - 6136$

For 260–470 MHz: Field Strength ($\mu\text{V/m}$) = $(41.67 \times F) - 7083$

Notes: ¹The levels applicable to FCC only.

²Frequency bands 225–328.6 MHz and 335.4–399.9 MHz are designated for the exclusive use of the Government of Canada. Manufacturers should be aware of possible harmful interference and degradation of their licence-exempt radio equipment in these frequency bands.



Table 8.6-2: FCC §15.209 and RSS-Gen – Radiated emission limits

Frequency, MHz	Field strength of emissions		Measurement distance, m
	µV/m	dBµV/m	
0.009–0.490	2400/F	67.6 – 20 × log ₁₀ (F)	300
0.490–1.705	24000/F	87.6 – 20 × log ₁₀ (F)	30
1.705–30.0	30	29.5	30
30–88	100	40.0	3
88–216	150	43.5	3
216–960	200	46.0	3
above 960	500	54.0	3

Notes: In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

For frequencies above 1 GHz the limit on peak RF emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test

Table 8.6-3: ISED restricted frequency bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110	12.57675–12.57725	399.9–410	7.25–7.75
0.495–0.505	13.36–13.41	608–614	8.025–8.5
2.1735–2.1905	16.42–16.423	960–1427	9.0–9.2
3.020–3.026	16.69475–16.69525	1435–1626.5	9.3–9.5
4.125–4.128	16.80425–16.80475	1645.5–1646.5	10.6–12.7
4.17725–4.17775	25.5–25.67	1660–1710	13.25–13.4
4.20725–4.20775	37.5–38.25	1718.8–1722.2	14.47–14.5
5.677–5.683	73–74.6	2200–2300	15.35–16.2
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	2310–2390	17.7–21.4
6.26775–6.26825	108–138	2483.5–2500	22.01–23.12
6.31175–6.31225	149.9–150.05	2655–2900	23.6–24.0
8.291–8.294	156.52475–156.52525	3260–3267	31.2–31.8
8.362–8.366	156.7–156.9	3332–3339	36.43–36.5
8.37625–8.38675	162.0125–167.17	3345.8–3358	
8.41425–8.41475	167.72–173.2	3500–4400	Above 38.6
12.29–12.293	240–285	4500–5150	
12.51975–12.52025	322–335.4	5350–5460	

Note: Certain frequency bands listed in this table and above 38.6 GHz are designated for licence-exempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to related devices are set out in the 200 and 300 series of RSSs.

Table 8.6-4: FCC restricted frequency bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675	156.7–156.9	2690–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358	36.43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	Above 38.6
13.36–13.41			

8.6.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Kevin Rose	Test date	September 14, 2021

8.6.3 Observations, settings and special notes

The spectrum was searched from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic.
Radiated measurements were performed at a distance of 3 m.
Average radiated emissions were obtained by subtracting duty cycle / correction factor from the peak measurement results.

Spectrum analyser settings for radiated measurements within restricted bands below 1 GHz:

Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Detector mode	Peak
Trace mode	Max Hold

Spectrum analyser settings for peak radiated measurements within restricted bands above 1 GHz:

Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz
Detector mode	Peak
Trace mode	Max Hold

8.6.4 Test data

Duty cycle/average factor calculations

§15.35(c) When the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission, and pulsed operation is employed; the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds.

$$\text{Duty cycle or average factor} = 20 \times \log_{10} \left(\frac{T_x_{100ms}}{100ms} \right)$$

$$= 20 \times \log_{10}(8.9/100)$$

= -21.0 (20 dB duty cycle is the maximum allowable peak to average ratio)

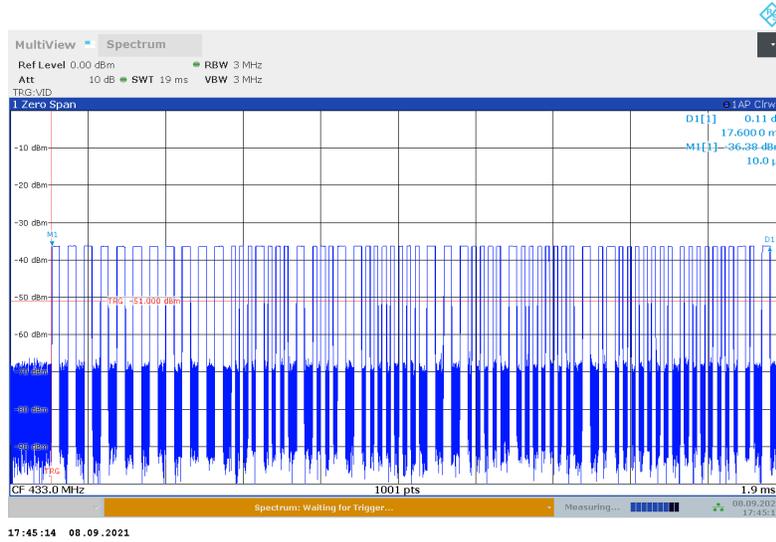


Figure 8.6-1: Transmission pulse

Note: 23 200us pulse and 43 100us pulses total on time is 8.9ms

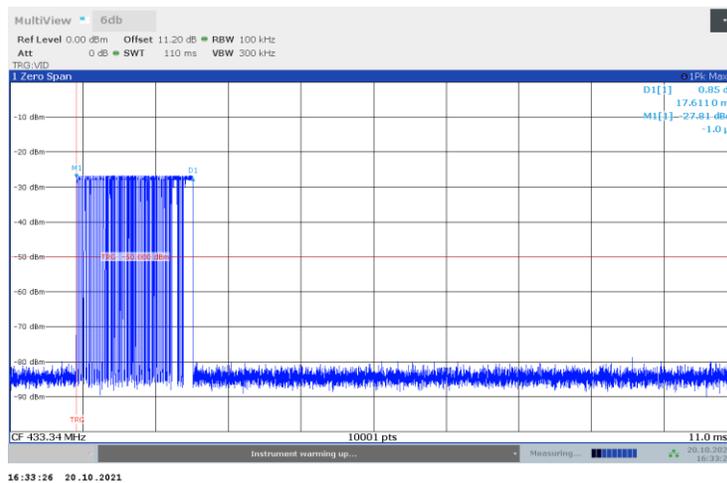


Figure 8.6-2: Transmission pulse

Table 8.6-5: Radiated field strength measurement results

Frequency, MHz	Peak field strength, dB μ V/m	Peak limit, dB μ V/m	Margin, dB	Duty cycle factor, dB	Average field strength, dB μ V/m	Average limit, dB μ V/m	Margin, dB
433.4	100.65	100.8	0.15	20	80.65	80.8	0.15
866.8	50.7	80.8	30.1	20	30.7	60.8	30.1
1300.3	57.45	80.8	23.35	20	37.45	60.8	23.35
1733.7	43.76	80.8	37.04	20	23.76	60.8	37.04
2167.1	50.06	80.8	30.74	20	30.06	60.8	30.74
2600.5	47.26	80.8	33.54	20	27.26	60.8	33.54

Notes: Field strength includes correction factor of antenna, cable loss, amplifier, and attenuators where applicable.

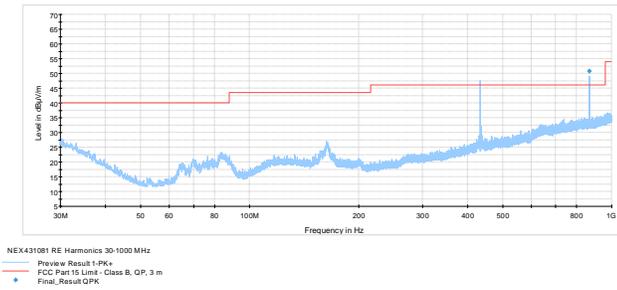


Figure 8.6-3: Spurious emissions below 1 GHz

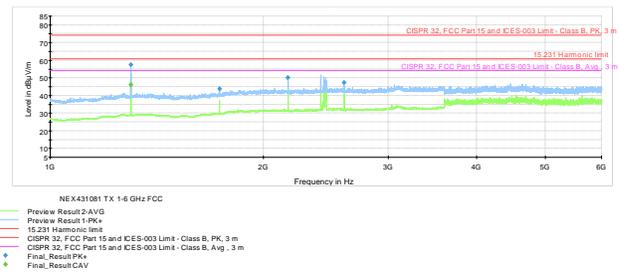


Figure 8.6-4: Spurious emissions above 1 GHz

8.7 FCC 15.231(c) and RSS-210 A.1.3 Emission bandwidth of momentary signals

8.7.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC:

The bandwidth of the emission shall be no wider than 0.25 % of the center frequency for devices operating above 70 MHz and below 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the emission shall be no wider than 0.5 % of the center frequency. Bandwidth is determined at the points 20 dB down from the modulated carrier.

ISED:

The 99% bandwidth of momentarily operated devices shall be less or equal to 0.25% of the centre frequency for devices operating between 70 MHz and 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the 99% bandwidth shall be less or equal to 0.5% of the centre frequency.

8.7.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Kevin Rose	Test date	September 13, 2021

8.7.3 Observations, settings and special notes

Limit: 0.25 % of 433.42 MHz is 108.35 kHz
 Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth	≥ 1 % of emission bandwidth
Video bandwidth	≥ 3 × RBW
Frequency span	Wider than emission bandwidth
Detector mode	Peak

8.7.4 Test data

Table 8.7-1: 20 dB bandwidth measurement result

20 dB bandwidth, kHz	Limit, kHz	Margin, kHz
50.75	108.35	57.60

Table 8.7-2: 99 % occupied bandwidth measurement result

99 % occupied bandwidth, kHz	Limit, kHz	Margin, kHz
98.08	108.35	10.27

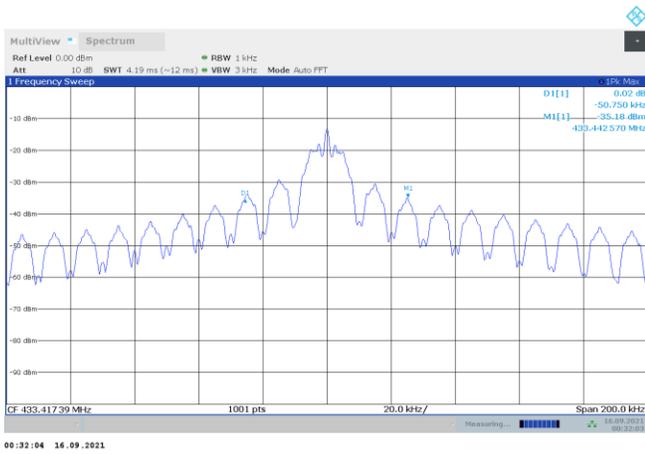


Figure 8.7-1: 20 dB occupied bandwidth

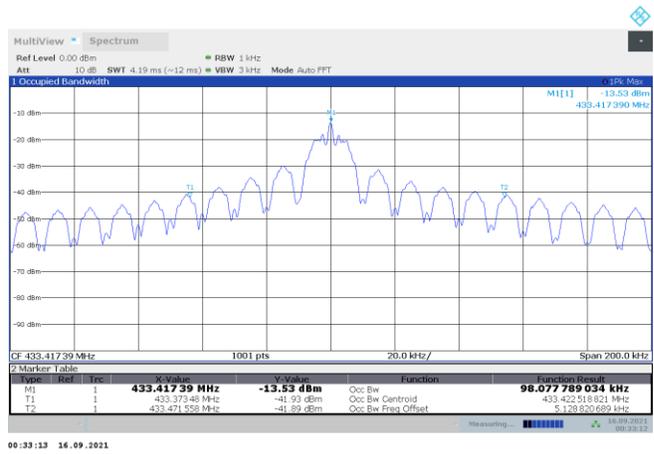
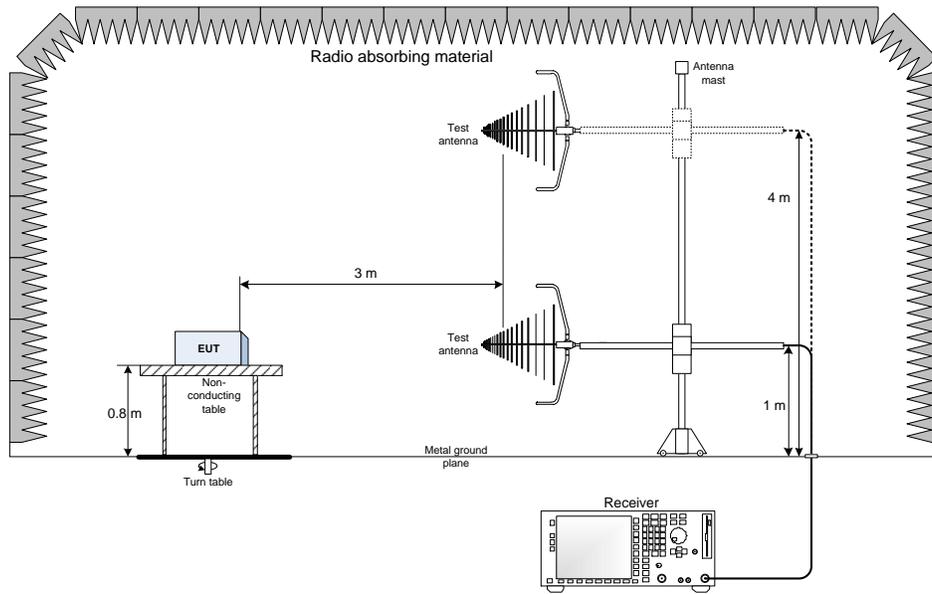


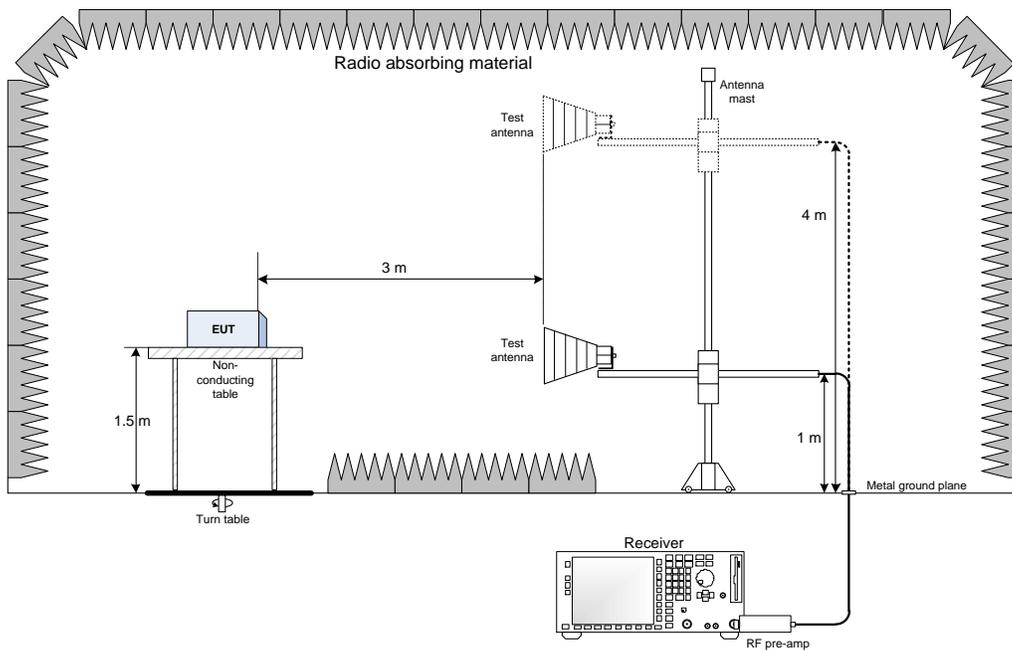
Figure 8.7-2: 99 % occupied bandwidth

Section 9. Block diagrams of test set-ups

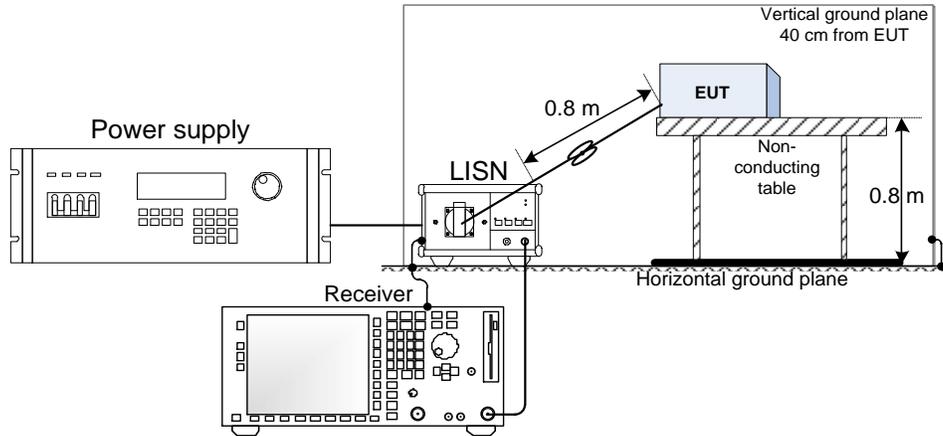
9.1 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies below 1 GHz



9.2 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies above 1 GHz



9.3 Conducted emissions set-up



9.4 Antenna port set-up

